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Date: November 20, 2006

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## **Overview**

This tutorial describes the process to develop an Open  $AT^{\$}$  application using the Open  $AT^{\$}$  Project Wizard & Visual C++ Development environments, and how to download & start the Open  $AT^{\$}$  application on a Wavecom product.



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## **Document History**

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### 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 References

| [1] | Tools Manual for IDE 1.02 (ref WM_DEV_OAT_UGD_018) |
|-----|--|
| [2] | ADL User Guide                                     |
| [3] | AT Command Interface Guide                         |

#### 1.2 Glossary

AT commands Set of standard modem commands.

AT function Software that processes AT commands and AT

subscriptions.

on a Wavecom product.

Embedded OS Software that includes the Embedded application

and the Wavecom library.

Target Open AT® compatible product supporting an

Embedded Application.

Target Monitoring Tool Set of utilities used to monitor a Wavecom

product.

Receive command

pre-parsing

Process that intercepts AT responses.

Remote Application Set of libraries enabling the User to run his

application on a PC.

**Send command pre-parsing** Process that intercepts AT commands.

Wavecom library Library delivered by Wavecom to interface

Embedded application sources with Wavecom OS

functions.

Wavecom OS Set of GSM and open functions supplied to the

User.

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#### 1.3 Abbreviations

API Application Programming Interface

**CPU** Central Processing Unit

**IDE** Integrated Development Environment

IR InfraredKB Kilobyte

OS Operating System
PDU Protocol Data Unit

RAM Random-Access Memory

ROM Read-Only Memory
RTK Real-Time Kernel
SMA SMall Adapter

SMS Short Message ServicesSDK Software Development Kit



# 2 Create Applications with the Open AT<sup>®</sup> Project Wizard

### 2.1 Creating an application with the Open AT® Project Wizard

This Wizard provides a user-friendly way to create an Open AT® project. The different steps to create an Open AT® project are listed in the following paragraphs.

#### 2.1.1 Step 1: Launching the Open AT® Project Wizard

The Open AT® Project Wizard may be launched from the "Start->Wavecom->Open AT IDE 1.XX.XX ->Open AT Project Wizard" shortcut.

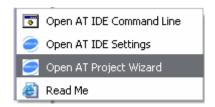


Figure 1: Open AT® Project Wizard shortcut in the Start menu



The Open AT® Project Wizard window is then displayed.

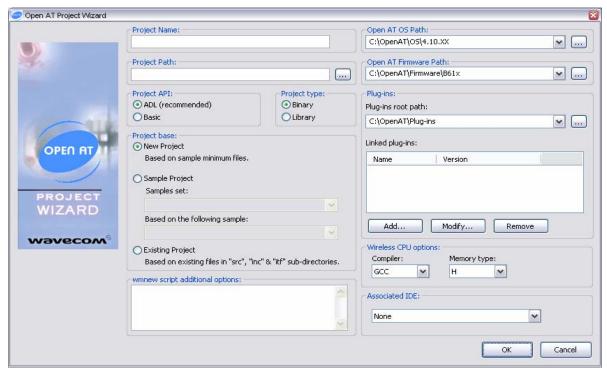


Figure 2: Open AT® Project Wizard

#### 2.1.2 Step 2: Project location

Then, the project location has to be set. The corresponding text field may be updated

to set this parameter. The button may be used to access to an existing directory. New directory may be added manually in the text field (new directories will be automatically created by the setup).

Please note that the selected directory will be the real project root directory, so it should not contains any file before creating the new project.

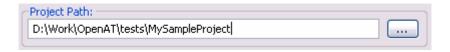


Figure 3: Project path



#### 2.1.3 Step 3: Project API

We can now choose the project API. The ADL API is strongly recommended, since the Basic API is reserved for advanced users, and was kept for ascendant compatibility with older versions.

For this sample, the ADL interface will be kept.

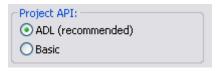


Figure 4: Project API

#### 2.1.4 Step 4: Project Type

Here we define if the generated project will be an Open AT® library or binary. Open AT® libraries are just C standard libraries, using the Open AT interfaces. Open AT® binaries are the Open AT® applications themselves.

For this sample, the Binary type will be kept.



Figure 5: Project type

#### 2.1.5 Step 5: Project Base

Open AT® projects are created from New Project or Samples Project bases, and may be updated using the Existing Project option.

- **New Project:** The Wizard will insert template source files into the project with the basic functions (see the minimum embedded application code in the Development Guides).
- □ **Sample Project:** The Wizard will create a new project, with a copy of a sample provided on the Open AT® CD-ROM. The user can choose the sample he wants to use for this project.
- □ **Existing Project:** no file will be added to the project. This option is useful when the user wants to create a new project using existing application code files. Existing files in. /src and. /inc will be added to the project.

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### For this sample, the Hello\_World Sample Project base will be used

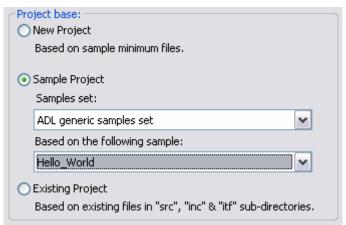


Figure 6: Project base

Please note that when using the Sample Project base, the project name is automatically updated with the currently selected sample name.



Figure 7: Project name is automatically updated

#### 2.1.6 Step 6: Development environment

In order to launch a supported development environment, this one has to be selected in the drop-down box (only installed environments are listed), and the Launch checkbox has to be clicked.

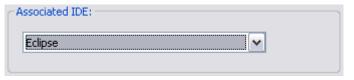


Figure 8: Development environment selection



#### 2.1.7 Step 7: Creating project

The project files creation process will start as soon as the OK button is clicked.

If the selected path does not exist, the Wizard will prompt the user to create the directory.

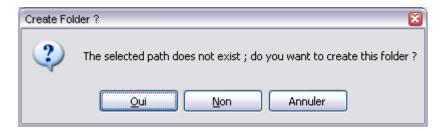


Figure 9: Create folder message box

Then the project files creation process will start. Process evolution is displayed in a bash shell text window. At the end of the process, the Open AT® Project Wizard is closed, and the selected Development Environment is launched.

```
Loading Open AT IDE...

Done.
Cleaning existing workspaces...
Cleaning existing workspaces...
Copying Hello_World sample files...
Project name: Hello_World
Browsing used root libraries list...
Browsing used sample libraries list...
Browsing provided full paths list...
Building Hello_World project settings file...
Set project options...
Updating flags list...
Building no pre-processing include paths table...
Building include paths table...
Updating include paths list...
```

Figure 10: Project files creation process

Note: If project creation problems are encountered, please refer to section 10 Annex: environment & compilation issues in the Tools Manual for IDE 1.02 [1] to solve them.



### 2.2 Directory Architecture

The typical directory tree structure of the application generated by the Open AT® Project Wizard is shown below:

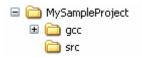


Figure 11: Directory Structure

The **"Root"** directory is the directory entered in the **"Location"** text field in the Open AT<sup>®</sup> Project Wizard step 2.

It is made up of the following sub-directories:

- rte: will contain the Remote Application binaries, which will be generated by a "Build" command,
- **gcc/out:** will contain the Embedded Application Software binary (generated with the GCC compiler), ready to be downloaded into the Target,
- □ src: contains the User Open AT® sources,

For this example, the **"src"** directory contains one file:
• hello\_world.c

□ inc: contains the User Open AT® headers,

For this example, the "inc" directory contains no files.



# 3 Generate and run Open AT<sup>®</sup> applications in Remote mode

## 3.1 Generate the Open AT® remote application

See the **Development Guides** and the **AT Command Interface** to create & develop the embedded application.

With this example, an "Hello World" string is displayed on serial link and on Target Monitoring Tool.

The remote application binary is generated as described in the **Tools Manual for IDE** 1.02 [1].

#### 3.1.1 Within Eclipse

- Display the "Make Targets" view
- Launch the build by clicking the "Build (RTE)" item.

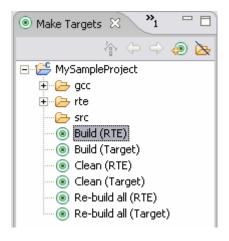


Figure 12: Make Targets view



#### 3.1.2 Within Visual C++ 6.0

• Select the RTE (Remote Task Environment) project, and the Debug configuration from the build toolbar.

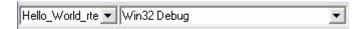


Figure 13: RTE project & configuration selection (Visual C++ 6.0)

• Use the "Build" -> "Build Hello\_World\_rte.dll" command (or F7 key).

#### 3.1.3 Within Visual C++ .NET

• Select the Debug configuration from the build toolbar.



Figure 14: Configuration selection (Visual C++ .NET)

• In Visual C++ .NET, use the "Build" -> "Build solution" command (or Ctrl+Shift+B key combination).

If any compilation or link error occurs, please refer to section 10 Annex: environment & compilation issues in the Tools Manual for IDE 1.02 [1] to solve them.



#### 3.2 Running the Remote Application

In the Target Monitoring Tool

Start the Target Monitoring Tool (from the Windows Start Menu).

Select "Commands" -> "Auto Detect" to detect the target speed (or use the toolbar button).



Figure 15: Auto Detect toolbar button

Select "Commands" -> "Init Target" to initialize the target in debug mode (or use the toolbar button).



Figure 16: Init Target toolbar button

Select "Traces" -> "Open" to open the trace window (or use the toolbar button), if it is not already opened.

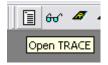


Figure 17: Open TRACE toolbar button

Select "Commands" -> "Get Informations About Target" to initialize the trace mode (or use the toolbar button).

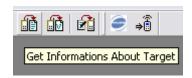


Figure 18: Auto Detect toolbar button



#### In the Terminal Emulator

From the Target Monitoring Tool toolbar, start the Terminal Emulator.

Type the "AT" command in the Terminal Emulator window.

The Wireless CPU® should answer the "OK" string, in blue characters. If not, check your target connection or check if another program is using the serial port. Then, retry the operation.

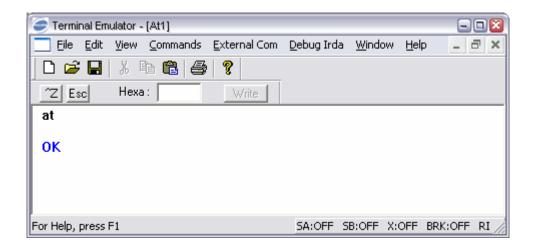


Figure 19: Terminal Emulator

#### In the IDE

Launch the application with:

- the toolbar button in Eclipse,
- the "Build" -> "Start Debug" -> "Go" command in Visual C++ 6.0,
- the "Debug" -> "Start" command in Visual C++ .NET.

The Remote Application Controller window appears.



#### In the Remote Application Controller

Select the "CUSTOMER trace levels" you want to show in the Target Monitoring Tool.

For this example, the Hello World application uses Level 1 of CUS4 task. You can check this levels in the Remote Application Controller window.

Select the Start button.

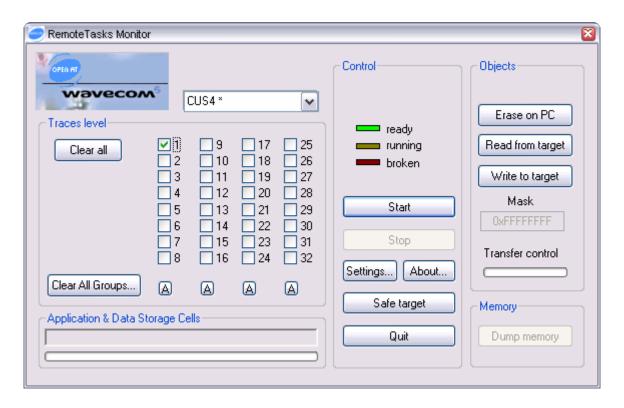


Figure 20: RTE Monitor window



#### In the Target Monitoring Tool

Traces should appear in blue in the trace window, indicating that the remote application is running.

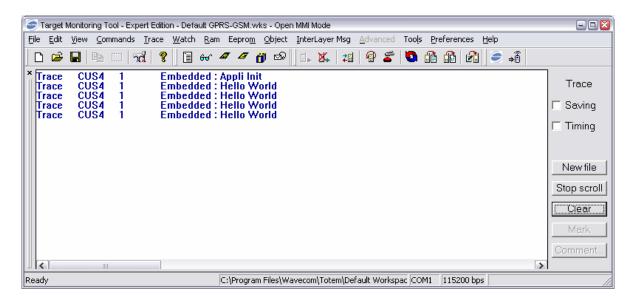


Figure 21: Traces in Target Monitoring Tool

#### In the Terminal Emulator

The modem is ready to receive AT commands, and displays strings sent by the Open AT® application.

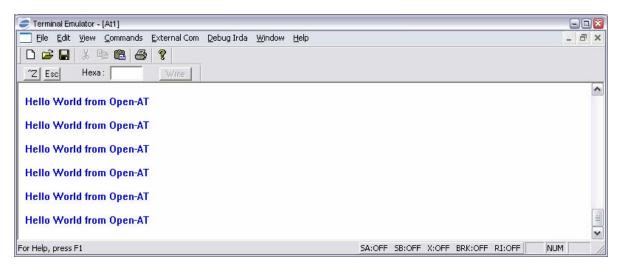


Figure 22: Strings displayed in Terminal Emulator

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# 4 Generate and run Open AT® applications in Target mode

The target application binary is generated as described in the **Tools Manual for IDE 1.02** [1].

It may be generated using one of the supported IDE, or from the Open AT® IDE command line.

# 4.1 Build target mode application using a Development Environment

#### 4.1.1 Within Eclipse

- Display the "Make Targets" view
- Launch the build by clicking the "Build (Target)" item.

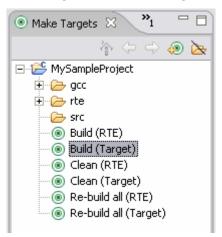


Figure 23: Make Targets view



#### 4.1.2 Within Visual C++ 6.0

• Select the target project, and the Wismo\_Target configuration from the build toolbar.



Figure 24: Target project & configuration selection (Visual C++ 6.0)

• Use the "Build" -> "Build Hello\_World" command (or F7 key).

#### 4.1.3 Within Visual C++ .NET

• Select the Wismo Target configuration from the build toolbar.



Figure 25: Configuration selection (Visual C++ .NET)

• In Visual C++ .NET, use the "Build" -> "Build solution" command (or Ctrl+Shift+B key combination).

If any compilation or link error occurs, correct them and restart the build operation.

# 4.2 Build target mode applications from the Open AT<sup>®</sup> IDE command line

 In a Open AT® IDE command window, call the "wmmake xxx" command in the root directory, where "xxx" is the application makefile name (without the ".mak" extension).

For this example, call the "wmmake Hello\_World" command, from the "Hello\_World" directory.

• Check in the created "[compiler]/out" directory for the new ".obj" compiled files. If a compilation error occurs, these ones will be displayed in the terminal window.

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#### 4.3 Generated binaries

Check in the "[compiler]/out" directory for the new "[compiler]\_Hello\_World\_[mem].wpb.dwl" & "[compiler]\_Hello\_World\_[mem].dwl" files.

#### Where:

- [compiler] is the current target compiler for the project, set in the Open AT® Project Wizard.
- [mem] is the current target memory type for the project, set in the Open AT® Project Wizard. With a Firmware allowing a single link address, the generated application binary is independent of the Wireless CPU® memory type. In this case the generated binary files names will be [compiler]\_Hello\_World.wpb.dwl & [compiler]\_Hello\_World.dwl.

These files are the Embedded Application binary, ready to be downloaded to the target.

The ".wpb.dwl" one is a compressed version of the ".dwl" one. This file will be smaller and so faster to download on the target.



#### 4.4 Download

In order to download the ".wpb.dwl" file to the target, follow these steps:

- 1. Launch HyperTerminal;
- 2. Configure it to open the COM port (see following figures);



Figure 26: Connection Type



Figure 27: Phone Call Destination





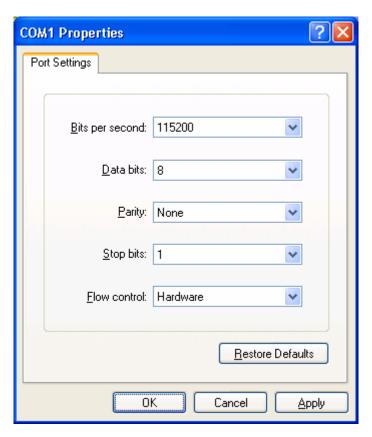


Figure 28: COM1 Serial Port Features

3. Type the "AT" command in the HyperTerminal window. The response must be "OK" (see figure below); The modem will echo characters on the serial link only if it is actually configured (In the figure, the "aaaaaaa" string is typed and the modem echoes it: the modem is connected);



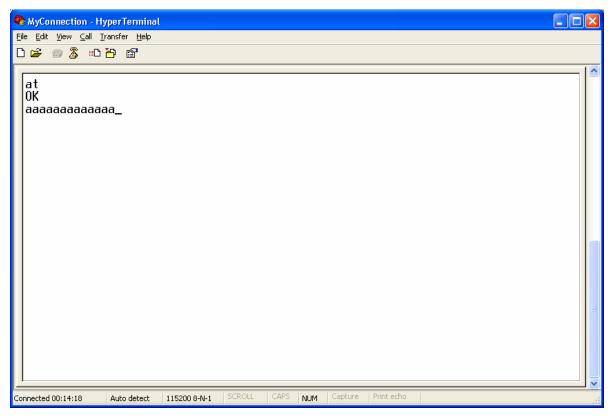


Figure 29: Modem Connection Check

4. Type the "at+wdwl" command to start the download mode. A "+WDWL: 0" response is given, and a set of characters should appear: the Wireless CPU® has acknowledged the download mode (see Figure below);



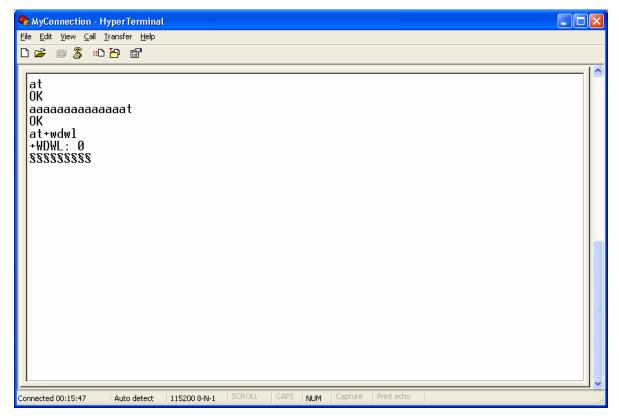


Figure 30: File Download with HyperTerminal

5. From the "Transfer" menu, select "Send a file..." (see Figure 8);

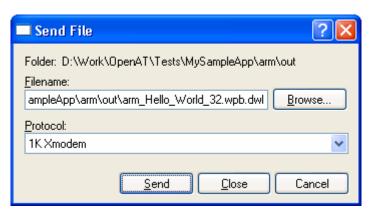


Figure 31: File Selection

6. Select the "[compiler]/out/[compiler]\_Hello\_World\_[mem].wpb.dwl" file, and the "1K Xmodem" protocol. Press the "Send" button (see Figure below);



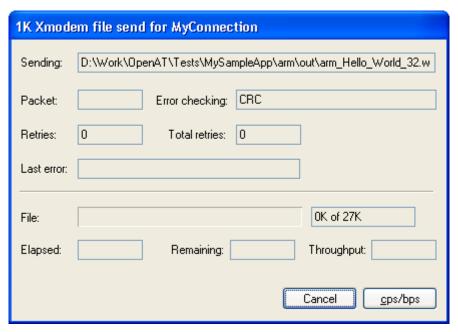


Figure 32: Application Download process

7. As soon as the download process is terminated (the download window disappears), reset the target with the "AT+CFUN=1" command.



#### 4.5 Run the Embedded Application

#### 4.5.1 With HyperTerminal

Type the "at+wopen=1" command, to start the embedded application (see AT Commands Interface" for more information).

Your application is now running in nominal mode.

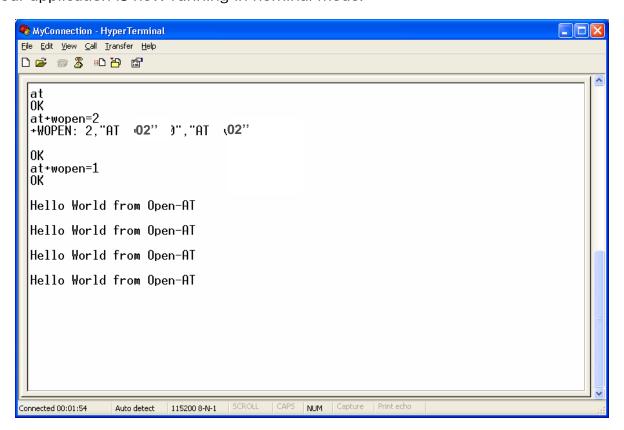


Figure 33: Application is running on Hyper Terminal

#### 4.5.2 With the Terminal Emulator

Close the HyperTerminal program.

In the Target Monitoring Tool

Start the Target Monitoring Tool (from the Windows Start Menu).

Select "Commands" -> "Auto Detect" to detect the target speed (or use the toolbar button).

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Figure 34: Auto Detect toolbar button

Select "Commands" -> "Init Target" to initialize the target in debug mode (or use the toolbar button).



Figure 35: Init Target toolbar button

Select "Traces" -> "Open" to open the trace window (or use the toolbar button), if it is not already opened.

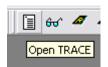


Figure 36: Open TRACE toolbar button

Select "Commands" -> "Get Informations About Target" to initialize the trace mode (or use the toolbar button).

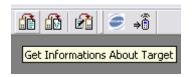


Figure 37: Auto Detect toolbar button

Select "Traces" -> "Set Diagnose Levels." Select "CUS4" in the "Parameter" list, check trace levels in the "Bitmap" zone, and use the "Send Level" button before closing the dialog box.



Figure 38: Set and Request toolbar button



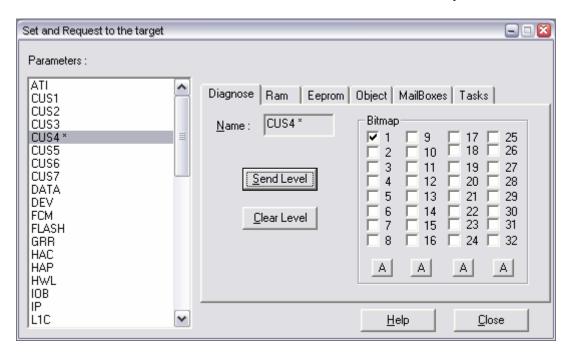


Figure 39: Set and Request window

For this example, the Hello World application uses Level 1, so check this levels in the Set Diagnostic Levels window.

#### In the Terminal Emulator

From the Target Monitoring Tool toolbar, start the Terminal Emulator.

Type the "at" command in the Terminal Emulator AT window.

The Wireless CPU® should answer the "OK" string in blue characters. If not, check your target connection, or if another program using the serial port is not running, then retry the operation.

Type "at+wopen=1" command in the Terminal Emulator AT window (see AT Commands Interface" for more information).

Since switching between 0 and 1 states of the +WOPEN command reset the product, re-launch an "init target" process, by the **Ctrl+I** key combination, or from the **"Commands->Init Target"** menu.

The Wireless CPU® is then ready to receive AT commands, and displays the strings sent by the embedded application.



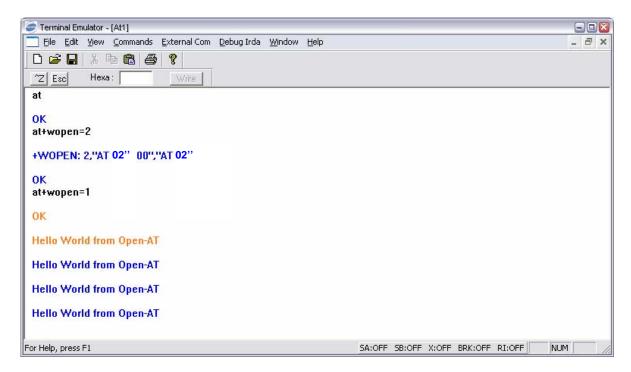


Figure 40: Terminal emulator interface

#### In the Target Monitoring Tool

Traces should appear in black in the trace window, indicating that the remote application is running.

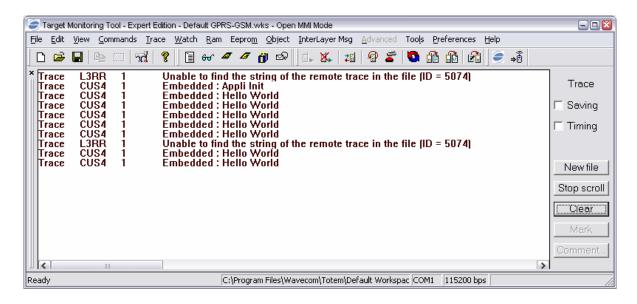


Figure 41: Embedded application traces

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